# **INSTRUM BINDER**GROUP



# LOW PRESSURE REDUCER LPR<sup>®</sup>I

### Application

The self contained low pressure reducing regulators and back pressure regulators controls pressure in mbar range. Applications are for inert gas tank blanketing, reactors, centrifuges and agitating tubs with inert gas such as nitrogen. The regulators are designed to meet requirements in the chemical, pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries and are particularly corrosion resistant and reliable.

#### Design

The large proportioned, spring-loaded diaphragm actuator with directly-controlled valve seat ensures precise control with low hysteresis. The regulators function without auxillary power supply. High overpressure strength and safe regulator function is achieved by means of the supported diaphragm with long spindle guide. The regulator has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining, as far as is possible.

#### Description

The components coming in contact with the product are manufactured from CrNiMo steel 1.4435 / 1.4404. The diaphragm and seals are made of PTFE and the regulator seat is made of perfluoroelastomer (FFKM – Isolast®, Chemraz®, Kalrez®) as standard, or fluoroelastomer (FKM: Viton®). These materials guarantee high corrosion resistance and excellent sealing, even at zero flow. The design has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining (suitable for CIP). On request, we can supply regulators in Hastelloy, Tantal or plastic etc. with the appropriate certification.

The surface finish for the stainless-steel version is better than Ra 1.6 for housing parts in contact with the medium, better than Ra 0.8 for internal functional parts and better than Ra 3.2 for the outer housing.

# Technical data

Nominal diameter:	DN 15 / 1/2 "	
Regulating range P2:	L M D (pressure difference)	to 500 mbar to 5 bar
Inlet pressure P1:	max. 16 bar	10 4 501 - 15
Vakuum proof		
Pressure connections:	Flange / thread (Special version availal	ole on request)
Weight:	3,7 kg to 5,3 kg	
<b>Temperature:</b> (Dependent on pressure conditions)	-20 ° to +120 °C fo -20 ° to +130 °C fo -20 ° to +160 °C fo	or FKM
Testing and inspection:	According to IEC 6	0534-4
Pressure tightness:	Bubble tight sealing	g category VI

Section drawing for Hastelloy model and regulating pressure range "M" available on request.

N <sub>2</sub> - supply	
	PCV Model LPS
Vent In	Vent Out
product outlet	gas room % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %
United Transformed and the second sec	<image/>
	C
	c1b

Model dimensions	pressure connection	а	b	С	d	d1	е	f Option "D"	C1 factory setting P2
LPRI-015 <b>L(M)</b>	DIN DN15 PN16 ANSI ½" 150 lbs	Ø 132	Ø95 (DIN)	180	130	75	Ø38 (M36)	G 1/8" female thread	122
LPRI-015 <b>M03(M05)</b>	BSP <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " female thread NPTF <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " female thread	Ø 115	Ø89 (ANSI) 2	220	130	75	Ø54 (M48)	G 1/4" female thread	

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MODEL CODE LPR <sup>®</sup> I In-line design DN 15																		
	1		2			3			4				5			6		7
	Design		Nominal diam pressure con			Flow capacity			legulatir ssure ra			Mat	erial		Ор	tions		Specials
LP	R I	-	015	-	-		-				-			-			-	Xn
2 Nominal diameter DN/ Pressure connection Flow table [flow quantities in Nm <sup>3</sup> /h]																		
D	Flange:	DIN	EN 1092-1,	, B1 DN	1 1 5 F	'N 16	P1 [	bar rel.]	0.16	0.25	0.40	0.65	1.0	1.6	2.5	4	5	Seat size
А	Flange:	ANS	SIB 16.5, ½	" 150	bs													
B	Thread.	1/5 "	RSP female	e threa	Ч			10	4	5	6.5	8	10	13	18	25	30	ø4 mm

N		<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " NPTF female thread	
3	-low capa	acity	
04	Seat	ø4 mm	

4 Regulating pressure range P2 (mbar)

M01 160 - 1000

M03 500 - 3000

M05 800 - 5000

d: 1/2" NPTF female thread			6,2	9
			8	12,5
apacity	[.]			
		100	4	5
ø4 mm	mbar		6.6	9
ø7 mm	2		12	15
ø12 mm	С.			

P2	12	15	19,5	22	31	42			Ø12 mm
<u>п</u>									
The flow capa	acity is the	same i	in the su	percriti	ical oper	rating rand	ae (quide value	e: P2 < 0	D.5 x P1).
It is recommer	nded to des	sign for	operation	on at a	maximu	m of 70%	of the flow va	alues.	

16

26

10

18

28

18

31

21

36

13

24

25 30

ø7 mm ø12 mm

ø4 mm

ø7 mm

If the diaphragm is designed in M / HC, the flow is reduced by 50 %.

10

16

6.5

10,5

12,5

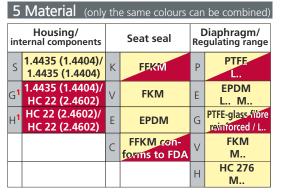
21

8

14

P1 = supply pressure P2 = regulating pressure

Dependenc	y on inlet pressure (pe	r -1 bar / +1 b	ar change in P1)
Seat ø4 mm	- 2,5 mbar / + 2,5 mbar	Seat ø12 mm	- 15 mbar / + 15 mbar
Seat ø7 mm	- 6 mbar / + 6 mbar		



#### <sup>1</sup> Not available with seat 04.

Example: Housing/internal components with material code "G" or "H" (red) are only combined with seat of type "K" or "C" and with diaphragm type "P" or "G"

Housing/internal components with material code "S" can be combined with all seat and diaphragm materials (yellow).

#### 6 Options

07

12

Seat

Seat

L02 4 - 20

L10 5 - 200

L20 8 - 400

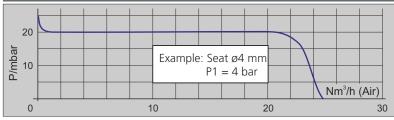
L50 120 - 850

- D Differential pressure connection
- Е NPT 1/4 " external impulse connection
- G Pressure gauge connection G<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>

## 7 Specials

- X0 If you require, for example, ATEX, PED, special
- connections, external control, rain hood, a fixed X1
- setting for P2 ..., please enter an X in this field with Х2
- the number of desired Specials. Each of the specials •
- must be described in writing. .
- For special versions and certifications, please contact Xn the manufacturer or the appropriate sales representative.

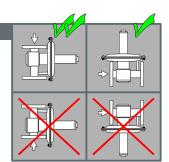
# Pressure / flow characteristic



# Installation

The preferred installation position is with vertical diaphragm housing and horizontal input. Pressure fixed unit is adjusted in this position. The output pressure increases by approximately 2 mbar for installation with horizontal diaphragm housing.

The installation position must be specified.



# Mounting and start up

- Before connecting the pressure regulator 1 please make sure
- 1.1 to compare the plant data with the name plate
- 1.2 the values marked on the name plate are the 2.2 the setting can be secured with a seal. values measured during our functional inspection
- 1.3 to check the corrosion resistance of the material
- 1.4 to blow out impurities in the pipes
- 1.5 to note the flow direction it is marked with an arrow on the housing
- 1.6 to open inlet pipes slowly.

- 2 LPRI adjust reduced pressure: (Relative pressure)
- 2.1 set a light flow (1Nm<sup>3</sup> /h). Set the pressure +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench
- Adjust the LPRI differential pressure (-D) with 3 the servo-regulator
- 3.1 if the D-connection is pressurised with the servo-pressure, the working pressure is added by the servo-pressure.