







BACK PRESSURE REGULATOR LPS®I

in-line design DN 25



Application

The self contained low pressure reducing regulators and back pressure regulators controls pressure in mbar range. Applications are for inert gas tank blanketing, reactors, centrifuges and agitating tubs with inert gas such as nitrogen. The regulators are designed to meet requirements in the chemical, pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries and are particularly corrosion resistant and reliable.

Design

The large proportioned, spring-loaded diaphragm actuator with directly-controlled valve seat ensures precise control with low hysteresis. The regulators function without auxillary power supply. High overpressure strength and safe regulator function is achieved by means of the supported diaphragm with long spindle guide. The regulator has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-emptying.

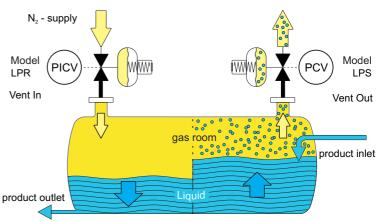
Description

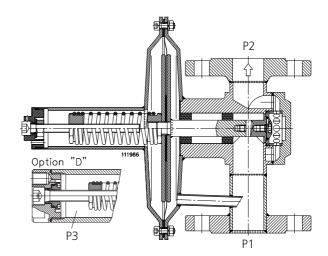
The components coming in contact with the product are manufactured from CrNiMo steel 1.4435 / 1.4404. The diaphragm and seals are made of PTFE and the regulator seat is made of perfluoroelastomer (FFKM – Isolast®, Chemraz®, Kalrez®) as standard, or fluoroelastomer (FKM: Viton®). These materials guarantee high corrosion resistance and excellent sealing, even at zero flow. The design has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining (suitable for CIP). On request, we can supply regulators in Hastelloy, Tantal or plastic etc. with the appropriate certification.

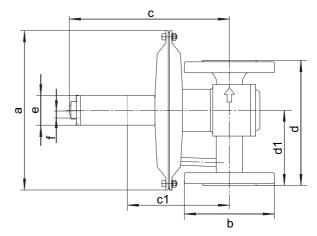
The surface finish for the stainless-steel version is better than Ra 1.6 for housing parts in contact with the medium, better than Ra 0.8 for internal functional parts and better than Ra 3.2 for the outer housing.

Technical data						
Nominal diameter:	DN 25 / 1"					
Regulating range P1:	L	to 500 mbar				
	M	to 5 bar				
	D (pressure difference)	to 4 bar = P3				
Inlet pressure P1:	max. 5 bar					
Vakuum proof						
Pressure connections:	Flange / thread					
	(Special version available on request)					
Weight:	5,3 kg to 7,9 kg					
Temperature:	-20 ° to +120 °C for EPDM					
(Dependent on	-20 ° to +130 °C for FKM					
pressure conditions) -20 ° to +160 °C for PTFE						
Testing and inspection:	According to IEC 60	0534-4				
Pressure tightness:	Bubble tight sealing	g category VI				

Section drawing for Hastelloy model and regulating pressure range "M" available on request.







Model dimensions	pressure connection	а	b	С	d	d1	e	f Option "D"	C1 factory setting P1
LPSI-025 L	DIN DN25 PN16 ANSI 1" 150 lbs	Ø 204	Ø115 (DIN)	207	160	96	Ø38 (M36)	G 1/4" female thread (dimen-	149
LPSI-025 M	BSP 1" female thread NPTF 1" female thread	Ø 115	Ø108 (ANSI)	230	160	90	Ø54 (M48)	sion "e" is always Ø54 (M48) with) Option "D"	



INSTRUM



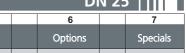






MODEL CODE LPS®I

in-line design DN 25



	1			2		3		4		5		6		7
	Desig	n		Nominal diame pressure conr		Flow capacity		Regulating pressure range		Material		Options		Specials
LP	S	I	-	025	-		-		-		-	•	-	Xn

2 Nominal diameter DN/ Pressure connection

Flange: DIN EN 1092-1, B1 DN 25 PN 16 ANSI B 16.5, 1" 150 lbs Α Flange: В Thread: 1" BSP female thread Thread: 1" NPTF female thread

3 Flow capacity

ø20 mm kv = 5,6

4 Regulating pressure range P1 (mbar)

L01	2 - 10	L50	80 - 500
L02	4 - 20	M01	200 - 1000
L05	8 - 50	M03	500 - 3000
L10	16 - 100	M05	800 - 5000
L20	30 - 200		

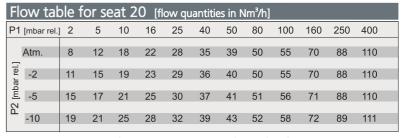
5 Material (only the same colours can be combined)

int	Housing/ ternal components	Seat seal			Diaphragm/ Regulating range		
S	1.4435 (1.4404)/ 1.4435 (1.4404)	K	FEKM	Р	PTFE L		
G	1.4435 (1.4404)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	V	FKM	Ε	EPDM L M		
Н	HC 22 (2.4602)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	Ε	EPDM	G	PTFE-glass-fibre reinforced / L		
		С	FFKM con- forms to FDA	٧	FKM M		
				H ¹	HC 276 M		

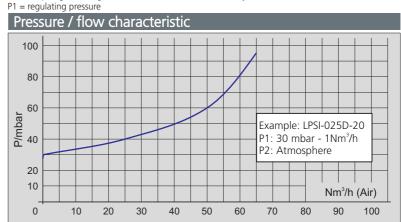
¹Cannot be combined with seat seal "V" or "E"

Example: Housing/internal components with material code "G" or "H" (red) are only combined with seat of type "K" or "C" and with diaphragm type "P" or "G"

Housing/internal components with material code "S" can be combined with all seat and diaphragm materials (yellow). Notice footnote 1.



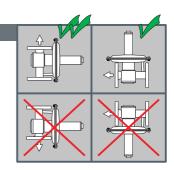
It is recommended to design for operation at a maximum of 70% of the flow values. If the diaphragm is designed in M / HC, the flow is reduced by 50 %



Installation

The preferred installation position is with vertical diaphragm housing and horizontal input. Pressure fixed unit is adjusted in this position. The output pressure increases by approximately 4 mbar for installation with horizontal diaphragm housing.

The installation position must be specified.



6 Optionen

Differential pressure connection NPT 1/4" external impulse connection

7 Specials

- If you require, for example, ATEX, PED, special connections, external control, rain hood, a fixed X1 setting for P2 ..., please enter an X in this field with X2 the number of desired Specials. Each of the specials
- must be described in writing. For special versions and certifications, please contact Xn the manufacturer or the appropriate sales representative.

Mounting and start up

- Before connecting the pressure regulator please make sure
- 1.1 to compare the plant data with the name plate.
- 1.2 The values marked on the name plate are the values measured during our functional
- 1.3 to check the corrosion resistance of the material.
- 1.4 to blow out impurities in the pipes.
- 1.5 to note the flow direction it is marked with an arrow on the housing.
- 1.6 to open inlet pipes slowly.

- LPSI adjust reduced pressure: (Relative pressure)
- 2.1 Set a light flow (1Nm³/h). Set the pressure +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench.
- 2.2 The setting can be secured with a seal.
- adjust the LPSI differential pressure (-D) with the servo-regulator.
- 3.1 If the D-connection is pressurised with the servo-pressure, the working pressure is added by the servo-pressure.